

**产品名称:** Filamin 1 (phospho Ser2152) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody  
**产品货号:** APRab04672



## 产品概述 (Summary)

|                        |                                                        |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 产品名称 (Production Name) | Filamin 1 (phospho Ser2152) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| 描述 (Description)       | Rabbit polyclonal Antibody                             |
| 宿主 (Host)              | Rabbit                                                 |
| 应用 (Application)       | WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA                                    |
| 种属反应性 (Reactivity)     | Human,Mouse,Rat,Monkey                                 |

## 产品性能 (Performance)

|                     |                                                                                                   |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 偶联物 (Conjugation)   | Unconjugated                                                                                      |
| 修饰 (Modification)   | Phosphorylated                                                                                    |
| 同种型 (Isotype)       | IgG                                                                                               |
| 克隆 (Clonality)      | Polyclonal                                                                                        |
| 形式 (Form)           | Liquid                                                                                            |
| 存放说明 (Storage)      | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.          |
| 储存溶液 (Buffer)       | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| 纯化方式 (Purification) | Affinity purification                                                                             |

## 免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

|                        |                                                                                     |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 基因名 (Gene Name)        | FLNA<br>FLNA; FLN; FLN1; Filamin-A; FLN-A; Actin-binding protein 280; ABP-280;      |
| 别名 (Alternative Names) | Alpha-filamin; Endothelial actin-binding protein; Filamin-1; Non-muscle filamin     |
| 基因 ID (Gene ID)        | 2316.0<br>P21333.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived     |
| 蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)   | from human Filamin A around the phosphorylation site of Ser2152. AA range:2121-2170 |

## 产品应用 (Application)

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)</b>     | WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000 |
| <b>蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)</b> | 280kDa                                                                 |

## 研究背景 (Background)

filamin A (FLNA) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is an actin-binding protein that crosslinks actin filaments and links actin filaments to membrane glycoproteins. The encoded protein is involved in remodeling the cytoskeleton to effect changes in cell shape and migration. This protein interacts with integrins, transmembrane receptor complexes, and second messengers. Defects in this gene are a cause of several syndromes, including periventricular nodular heterotopias (PVNH1, PVNH4), otopalatodigital syndromes (OPD1, OPD2), frontometaphyseal dysplasia (FMD), Melnick-Needles syndrome (MNS), and X-linked congenital idiopathic intestinal pseudoobstruction (CIIPX). Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009],disease:Defects in FLNA are associated with cerebrofrontofacial syndrome [MIM:608578]. This syndrome consists of a phenotype of male PVNH, with relatively normal development, no epilepsy or other neurological abnormality, severe constipation, and facial dysmorphism and without a discernible skeletal phenotype.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of frontometaphyseal dysplasia (FMD) [MIM:305620]. FMD is a congenital bone disease characterized by supraorbital hyperostosis, deafness and digital anomalies.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of Melnick-Needles syndrome (MNS) [MIM:309350]. MNS is a severe congenital bone disorder characterized by typical facies (exophthalmos, full cheeks, micrognathia and malalignment of teeth), flaring of the metaphyses of long bones, s-like curvature of bones of legs, irregular constrictions in the ribs, and sclerosis of base of skull.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of otopalatodigital syndrome type 1 (OPD1) [MIM:311300]. OPD1 is an X-linked dominant multiple congenital anomalies disease mainly characterized by a generalized skeletal dysplasia, mild mental retardation, hearing loss, cleft palate, and typical facial anomalies. OPD1 belongs to a group of X-linked skeletal dysplasias known as oto-palato-digital syndrome spectrum disorders that also include OPD2, Melnick-Needles syndrome (MNS), and frontometaphyseal dysplasia (FMD). Remodeling of the cytoskeleton is central to the modulation of cell shape and migration. FLNA is a widely expressed protein that regulates re-organization of the actin cytoskeleton by interacting with integrins, transmembrane receptor complexes and second messengers. Males with OPD1 have cleft palate, malformations of the ossicles causing deafness and milder bone and limb defects than those associated with OPD2. Obligate female carriers of mutations causing both OPD1 and OPD2 have variable (often milder) expression of a similar phenotypic spectrum.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of otopalatodigital syndrome type 2 (OPD2) [MIM:304120]; also known as cranioorodigital syndrome. OPD2 is a congenital bone disorder that is characterized by abnormally modeled, bowed bones, small or absent first digits and, more variably, cleft palate, posterior fossa brain anomalies, omphalocele and cardiac defects.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of periventricular nodular heterotopia type 1 (PVNH1) [MIM:300049]; also called nodular heterotopia, bilateral periventricular (NHBP or BPNH). PVNH is a developmental disorder characterized by the presence of periventricular nodules of cerebral gray matter, resulting from a failure of neurons to migrate normally from the lateral ventricular proliferative zone, where they are formed, to the cerebral cortex. PVNH1 is an X-linked dominant form. Heterozygous females have normal intelligence but suffer from seizures and

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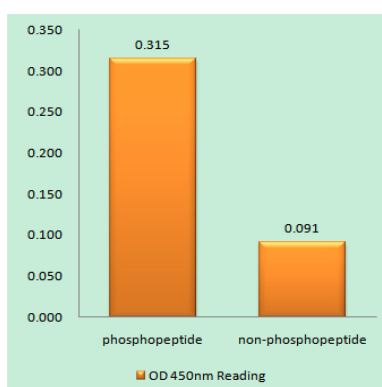


various manifestations outside the central nervous system, especially related to the vascular system. Hemizygous affected males die in the prenatal or perinatal period.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of periventricular nodular heterotopia type 4 (PVNH4) [MIM:300537]; also known as periventricular heterotopia Ehlers-Danlos variant. PVNH4 is characterized by nodular brain heterotopia, joint hypermobility and development of aortic dilatation in early adulthood.,disease:Defects in FLNA are the cause of X-linked congenital idiopathic intestinal pseudoobstruction (CIIPX) [MIM:300048]. CIIPX is characterized by a severe abnormality of gastrointestinal motility due to primary qualitative defects of enteric ganglia and nerve fibers. Affected individuals manifest recurrent signs of intestinal obstruction in the absence of any mechanical lesion.,domain:Comprised of a NH2-terminal actin-binding domain, 24 internally homologous repeats and two hinge regions. Repeat 24 and the second hinge domain are important for dimer formation.,function:Promotes orthogonal branching of actin filaments and links actin filaments to membrane glycoproteins. Anchors various transmembrane proteins to the actin cytoskeleton and serves as a scaffold for a wide range of cytoplasmic signaling proteins. Interaction with FLNA may allow neuroblast migration from the ventricular zone into the cortical plate. Tethers cell surface-localized furin, modulates its rate of internalization and directs its intracellular trafficking.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR (By similarity). Phosphorylation extent changes in response to cell activation.,PTM:The N-terminus is blocked.,similarity:Belongs to the filamin family.,similarity:Contains 1 actin-binding domain.,similarity:Contains 2 CH (calponin-homology) domains.,similarity:Contains 24 filamin repeats.,subunit:Interacts with PDLIM2 (By similarity). Homodimer. Interacts with FCGR1A, FLNB, FURIN, HSPB7, INPPL1, KCND2, MYOT, MYOZ1, ARHGAP24, PSEN1, PSEN2 and ECSCR. Interacts also with various other binding partners in addition to filamentous actin.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,

## 研究领域 (Research Area)

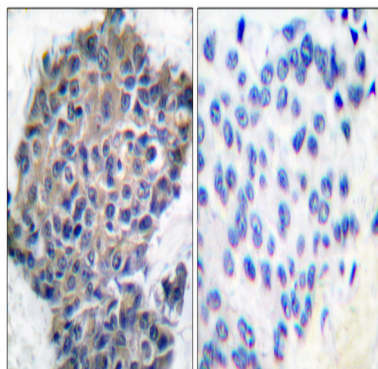
MAPK\_ERK\_Growth;MAPK\_G\_Protein;Focal adhesion;

## 图片 (Image Data)

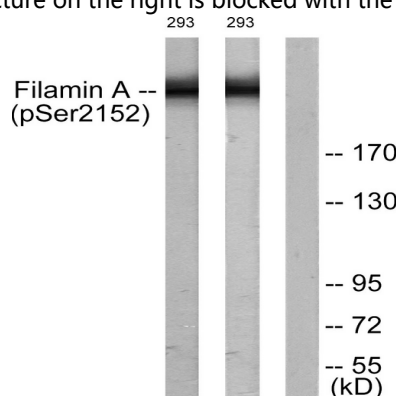


Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Filamin A (Phospho-Ser2152) Antibody

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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Filamin A (Phospho-Ser2152) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

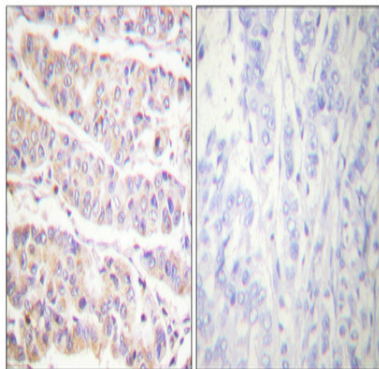


Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 5', using Filamin A (Phospho-Ser2152) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Filamin 1 (S2152) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000

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**Antibody**  
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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100 (4°,overnight) .  
High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtaned from  
antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

#### **注意事项 (Note)**

For research use only .