**Antibody** 

产品货号: APRab05016



## 产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) Met (phospho Tyr1003) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit

应用 (Application)WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA种属反应性 (Reactivity)Human,Mouse,Rat

## 产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation) Unconjugated 修饰 (Modification) Phosphorylated

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

New type preservative N.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity purification

## 免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) MET

MET; Hepatocyte growth factor receptor; HGF receptor; HGF/SF receptor;

别名 (Alternative Names) Proto-oncogene c-Met; Scatter factor receptor; SF receptor; Tyrosine-protein

kinase Met

基因 ID (Gene ID) 4233.0

P08581.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived

蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID) from human c-Met around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1003. AA range:976-

1025

# 产品应用(Application)

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**稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)** WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:20000-1:40000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) 155kDa

#### 研究背景 (Background)

This gene encodes a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase family of proteins and the product of the proto-oncogene MET. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate alpha and beta subunits that are linked via disulfide bonds to form the mature receptor. Further processing of the beta subunit results in the formation of the M10 peptide, which has been shown to reduce lung fibrosis. Binding of its ligand, hepatocyte growth factor, induces dimerization and activation of the receptor, which plays a role in cellular survival, embryogenesis, and cellular migration and invasion. Mutations in this gene are associated with papillary renal cell carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, and various head and neck cancers. Amplification and overexpression of this gene are also associated with multiple human cancers. [provided by RefSeq, May 2016], catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate, disease: Activation of MET after rearrangement with the TPR gene produces an oncogenic protein, disease: Defects in MET are a cause of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) [MIM:114550], disease: Defects in MET are a cause of hereditary papillary renal carcinoma (HPRC) [MIM:605074]; also known as papillary renal cell carcinoma 2 (RCCP2). HPRC is a form of inherited kidney cancer characterized by a predisposition to develop multiple, bilateral papillary renal tumors. The pattern of inheritance is consistent with autosomal dominant transmission with reduced penetrance., disease: Defects in MET may be associated with gastric cancer., disease: Genetic variations in MET may be associated with susceptibility to autism type 9 (AUTS9) [MIM:611015]. Autism is a neurodevelopmental disorder characterized by disturbance in language, perception and socialization. The disorder is classically defined by a triad of limited or absent verbal communication, a lack of reciprocal social interaction or responsiveness, and restricted, stereotypical, and ritualized patterns of interests and behavior., domain: The kinase domain is involved in SPSB1 binding, function: Receptor for hepatocyte growth factor and scatter factor. Has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. Functions in cell proliferation, scattering, morphogenesis and survival, online information: C-MET entry, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain., similarity: Contains 1 Sema domain., similarity: Contains 3 IPT/TIG domains., subunit: Heterodimer formed of an alpha chain (50 kDa) and a beta chain (145 kDa) which are disulfide linked. Binds PLXNB1 and GRB2. Interacts with SPSB1, SPSB2 and SPSB4 (By similarity). Interacts with INPP5D/SHIP1. When phosphorylated at Tyr-1356, interacts with INPPL1/SHIP2. Interacts with RANBP9 and RANBP10, as well as SPSB1, SPSB3 and SPSB4. SPSB1 binding occurs in the presence and in the absence of HGF, however HGF treatment has a positive effect on this interaction. Interacts with MUC20; prevents interaction with GRB2 and suppresses hepatocyte growth factor-induced cell proliferation.,

## 研究领域 (Research Area)

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;Endocytosis;Axon guidance;Focal adhesion;Adherens\_Junction;Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;Pathways in cancer;Colorectal cancer;Renal cell carcinoma;Melanoma;

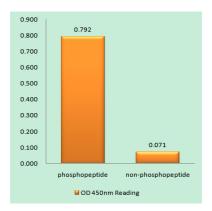
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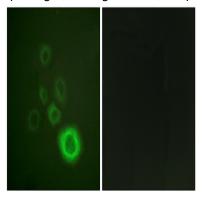
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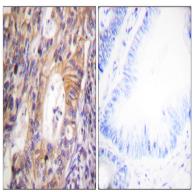
## 图片 (Image Data)



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using c-Met (Phospho-Tyr1003) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using c-Met (Phospho-Tyr1003) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using c-Met (Phospho-Tyr1003) Antibody.

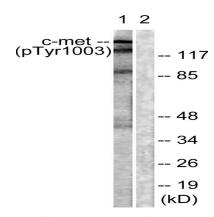
The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using c-Met (Phospho-Tyr1003) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

#### 注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .

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