

产品货号: APRab06220

产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) HNF-4α/γ (Acetyl Lys127/79) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit 应用 (Application) WB,ELISA

种属反应性 (Reactivity) Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation) Unconjugated **修饰 (Modification**) Acetylated

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

New type preservative N.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

别名 (Alternative Names)

基因名 (Gene Name) HNF4A HNF4 NR2A1 TCF14 HNF4G NR2A2

Hepatocyte nuclear factor 4-alpha (HNF-4-alpha) (Nuclear receptor subfamily

2 group A member 1) (Transcription factor 14) Hepatocyte nuclear factor 4-

gamma (HNF-4-gamma) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 2 group A member 2)

(TCF-14) (Transcription factor HNF-4)

基因 ID (Gene ID) 3172.0

P41235/Q14541.Synthetic Acetyl peptide from human protein at AA range: 蛋白ID (SwissProt ID)

127(HNF-4α)/79(HNF-4γ)

产品应用 (Application)

Web:https://www.enkilife.cn E-mail:order@enkilife.cn (销售) tech@enkilife.cn (技支持) Tel:027-87002838



Antibody

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稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) 55kDa

研究背景 (Background)

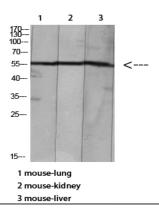
The protein encoded by this gene is a nuclear transcription factor which binds DNA as a homodimer. The encoded protein controls the expression of several genes, including hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha, a transcription factor which regulates the expression of several hepatic genes. This gene may play a role in development of the liver, kidney, and intestines. Mutations in this gene have been associated with monogenic autosomal dominant non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus type I. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding several different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012], alternative products: Additional isoforms seem to exist, disease: Defects in HNF4A are the cause of maturity onset diabetes of the young type 1 (MODY1) [MIM:125850]; also shortened MODY-1. MODY [MIM:606391] is a form of diabetes that is characterized by an autosomal dominant mode of inheritance, onset in childhood or early adulthood (usually before 25 years of age) and a primary defect in insulin secretion. The clinical phenotype of MODY1 is characterized by severe insulin secretory defects, and by major hyperglycemia associated with microvascular complications, function: Transcriptionally controlled transcription factor. Binds to DNA sites required for the transcription of alpha 1-antitrypsin, apolipoprotein CIII, transthyretin genes and HNF1-alpha. May be essential for development of the liver, kidney and intestine, miscellaneous: Binds fatty acids, online information: Hepatocyte nuclear factors entry, PTM: Phosphorylated on tyrosine residue(s); phosphorylation is important for its DNA-binding activity. Phosphorylation may directly or indirectly play a regulatory role in the subnuclear distribution, similarity: Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family, similarity: Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR2 subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain., subunit: Homodimerization is required for HNF4alpha to bind to its recognition site.,

EnkiLife

研究领域 (Research Area)

Maturity onset diabetes of the young;

图片 (Image Data)



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Western blot analysis of mouse-lung mouse-brain mouse-heart Hela mouse-liver lysate, antibody was diluted at 500. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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