产品名称: Contactin 4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

产品货号: APRab09242



## 产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) Contactin 4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit

应用 (Application)WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA种属反应性 (Reactivity)Human,Mouse,Rat

## 产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)Unconjugated修饰 (Modification)Unmodified

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

New type preservative N.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity purification

# 免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) CNTN4

CNTN4; Contactin-4; Brain-derived immunoglobulin superfamily protein 2; **别名 (Alternative Names)** 

BIG-2

基因 ID (Gene ID) 152330.0

Q8IWV2.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived 蛋白ID (SwissProt ID)

from human CNTN4. AA range:661-710

# 产品应用 (Application)

**稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)** WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:20000-1:40000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)

Web:https://www.enkilife.cn E-mail:order@enkilife.cn (销售) tech@enkilife.cn (技支持) Tel:027-87002838

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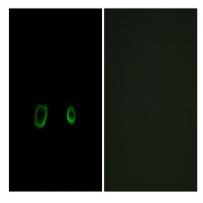


#### 研究背景 (Background)

This gene encodes a member of the contactin family of immunoglobulins. Contactins are axon-associated cell adhesion molecules that function in neuronal network formation and plasticity. The encoded protein is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored neuronal membrane protein that may play a role in the formation of axon connections in the developing nervous system. Deletion or mutation of this gene may play a role in 3p deletion syndrome and autism spectrum disorders. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2011], disease: A chromosomal aberration disrupting CNTN4 has been found in a boy with characteristic physical features of 3p deletion syndrome (3PDS). Translocation t(3;10)(p26;q26). 3PDS is a rare contiguous gene disorder involving the loss of the telomeric portion of the short arm of chromosome 3 and characterized by developmental delay, growth retardation, and dysmorphic features., function: Contactins mediate cell surface interactions during nervous system development. Has some neurite outgrowth-promoting activity. May be involved in synaptogenesis., induction: By retinoic acid, suggesting that it may act in response to differentiating agents., similarity: Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. Contactin family., similarity: Contains 4 fibronectin type-III domains., similarity: Contains 6 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains., tissue specificity: Mainly expressed in brain. Highly expressed in cerebellum and weakly expressed in corpus callosum, caudate nucleus, amygdala and spinal cord. Also expressed in testis, pancreas, thyroid, uterus, small intestine and kidney. Not expressed in skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is weakly expressed in cerebral cortex.,

#### 研究领域 (Research Area)

## 图片 (Image Data)



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using CNTN4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

# 注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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