

产品名称: GCK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab11348



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	GCK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	WB,ELISA
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human,Mouse,Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Polyclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	GCK
别名 (Alternative Names)	GCK; Glucokinase; Hexokinase type IV; HK IV; Hexokinase-4; HK4; Hexokinase-D
基因 ID (Gene ID)	2645.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	P35557.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GCK. AA range:43-92

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	55kDa

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研究背景 (Background)

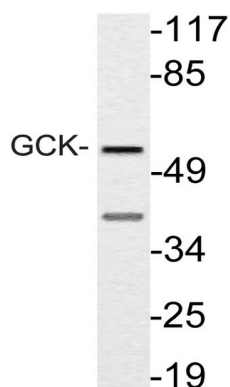
Hexokinases phosphorylate glucose to produce glucose-6-phosphate, the first step in most glucose metabolism pathways. Alternative splicing of this gene results in three tissue-specific forms of glucokinase, one found in pancreatic islet beta cells and two found in liver. The protein localizes to the outer membrane of mitochondria. In contrast to other forms of hexokinase, this enzyme is not inhibited by its product glucose-6-phosphate but remains active while glucose is abundant. Mutations in this gene have been associated with non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM), maturity onset diabetes of the young, type 2 (MODY2) and persistent hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia of infancy (PHHI). [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2009], catalytic activity: ATP + D-glucose = ADP + D-glucose 6-phosphate., disease: Defects in GCK are the cause of familial hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia type 3 (HHF3) [MIM:602485]. HHF is the most common cause of persistent hypoglycemia in infancy. Unless early and aggressive intervention is undertaken, brain damage from recurrent episodes of hypoglycemia may occur., disease: Defects in GCK are the cause of maturity onset diabetes of the young type 2 (MODY2) [MIM:125851]; also shortened MODY-2. MODY [MIM:606391] is a form of diabetes mellitus characterized by autosomal dominant transmission and early age of onset. Mutations in GCK result in mild chronic hyperglycemia due to reduced pancreatic beta cell responsiveness to glucose, decreased net accumulation of hepatic glycogen and increased hepatic gluconeogenesis following meals., enzyme regulation: The use of alternative promoters apparently enables the type IV hexokinase gene to be regulated by insulin in the liver and glucose in the beta cell. This may constitute an important feedback loop for maintaining glucose homeostasis., function: Catalyzes the initial step in utilization of glucose by the beta-cell and liver at physiological glucose concentration. Glucokinase has a high K_m for glucose, and so it is effective only when glucose is abundant. The role of GCK is to provide G6P for the synthesis of glycogen. Pancreatic glucokinase plays an important role in modulating insulin secretion. Hepatic glucokinase helps to facilitate the uptake and conversion of glucose by acting as an insulin-sensitive determinant of hepatic glucose usage., miscellaneous: In vertebrates there are four major glucose-phosphorylating isoenzymes, designated hexokinase I, II, III and IV (glucokinase)., online information: Glucokinase entry, similarity: Belongs to the hexokinase family., tissue specificity: Pancreas (isoform 1) and liver (isoform 2 and isoform 3).

研究领域 (Research Area)

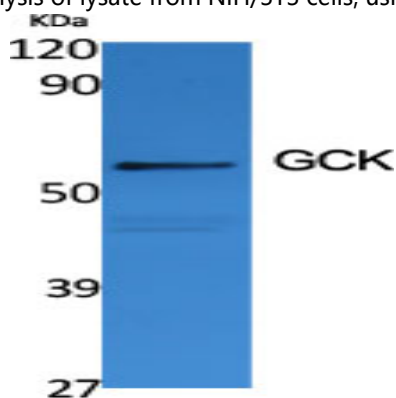
Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis; Galactose metabolism; Starch and sucrose metabolism; Amino sugar and nucleotide sugar metabolism; Insulin_Receptor; Type II diabetes mellitus; Maturity onset diabetes of the young;

图片 (Image Data)

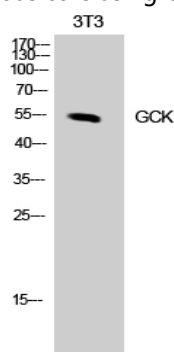
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Western blot analysis of lysate from NIH/3T3 cells, using GCK antibody.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using GCK Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000



Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using GCK Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .