

产品名称: KV8.2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab13170



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	KV8.2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	WB,IHC
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human,Mouse

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Polyclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	KCNV2
别名 (Alternative Names)	KCNV2; Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily V member 2; Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv8.2
基因 ID (Gene ID)	169522.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	Q8TDN2.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human KCNV2. AA range:187-236

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	62kDa

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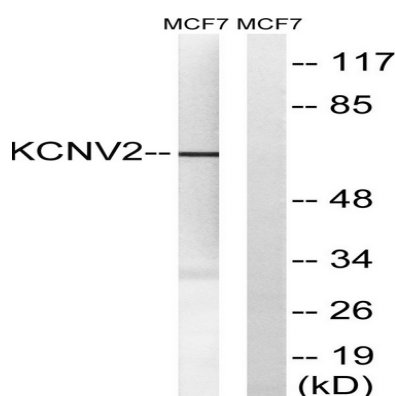


研究背景 (Background)

Voltage-gated potassium (Kv) channels represent the most complex class of voltage-gated ion channels from both functional and structural standpoints. Their diverse functions include regulating neurotransmitter release, heart rate, insulin secretion, neuronal excitability, epithelial electrolyte transport, smooth muscle contraction, and cell volume. This gene encodes a member of the potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily V. This member is identified as a 'silent subunit', and it does not form homomultimers, but forms heteromultimers with several other subfamily members. Through obligatory heteromerization, it exerts a function-altering effect on other potassium channel subunits. This protein is strongly expressed in pancreas and has a weaker expression in several other tissues. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], disease: Defects in KCNV2 are the cause of cone dystrophy retinal type 3B (RCD3B) [MIM:610356]; also called cone dystrophy with night blindness and supernormal rod responses KCNV2-related. RCD3B is a rare form of cone dystrophy associated with supernormal rod responses. The disorder is characterized by reduced visual acuity, photoaversion, night blindness, and abnormal color vision. At an early age, the retina shows subtle depigmentation at the macula and, later, more obvious areas of atrophy., domain: The segment S4 is probably the voltage-sensor and is characterized by a series of positively charged amino acids at every third position., function: Potassium channel subunit. Modulates channel activity by shifting the threshold and the half-maximal activation to more negative values., similarity: Belongs to the potassium channel family. V subfamily., subcellular location: Has to be associated with KCNB1 or possibly another partner to get inserted in the plasma membrane. Remains intracellular in the absence of KCNB1., subunit: Heteromultimer with KCNB1, KCNC1 and KCNF1. Does not form homomultimers., tissue specificity: Detected in lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary and colon.,

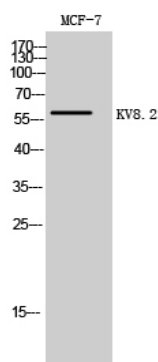
研究领域 (Research Area)

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot analysis of lysates from MCF-7 cells, using KCNV2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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Western Blot analysis of MCF-7 cells using KV8.2 Polyclonal Antibody

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .