

产品名称: NDUFS7 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab14519



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	NDUFS7 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	IHC, ICC, IF, ELISA
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Polyclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	NDUFS7
别名 (Alternative Names)	NDUFS7; NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 7; mitochondrial; Complex I-20kD; CI-20kD; NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 20 kDa subunit; PSST subunit
基因 ID (Gene ID)	374291.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	O75251. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human NDUFS7. AA range: 164-213

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	IHC 1:100-1:300, ICC/IF 1:50-1:200, ELISA 1:20000-1:40000
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	

产品名称: NDUFS7 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: AP Rab14519



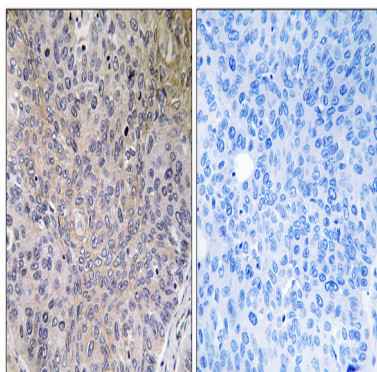
研究背景 (Background)

This gene encodes a protein that is a subunit of one of the complexes that forms the mitochondrial respiratory chain. This protein is one of over 40 subunits found in complex I, the nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH):ubiquinone oxidoreductase. This complex functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain, and ubiquinone is believed to be the immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme. Mutations in this gene cause Leigh syndrome due to mitochondrial complex I deficiency, a severe neurological disorder that results in bilaterally symmetrical necrotic lesions in subcortical brain regions. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:NADH + acceptor = NAD(+) + reduced acceptor.,catalytic activity:NADH + ubiquinone = NAD(+) + ubiquinol.,cofactor: Binds 1 4Fe-4S cluster .,disease: Defects in NDUFS7 are a cause of complex I mitochondrial respiratory chain deficiency [MIM:252010]. Complex I (NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase), the largest complex of the mitochondrial respiratory chain, contains more than 40 subunits. It is embedded in the inner mitochondrial membrane and is partly protruding in the matrix. Complex I deficiency is the most common cause of mitochondrial disorders. It represents largely one-third of all cases of respiratory chain deficiency and is responsible for a variety of clinical symptoms, ranging from neurological disorders to cardiomyopathy, liver failure, and myopathy.,disease: Defects in NDUFS7 are a cause of Leigh syndrome (LS) [MIM:256000]. LS is a severe neurological disorder characterized by bilaterally symmetrical necrotic lesions in subcortical brain regions.,function: Core subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I) that is believed to belong to the minimal assembly required for catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.,similarity: Belongs to the complex I 20 kDa subunit family.,subunit: Complex I is composed of 45 different subunits This is a component of the iron-sulfur (IP) fragment of the enzyme.,

研究领域 (Research Area)

Oxidative phosphorylation;Alzheimer's disease;Parkinson's disease;Huntington's disease;

图片 (Image Data)



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue, using NDUFS7 Antibody. The picture

产品名称: NDUFS7 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab14519



on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .