

产品名称: Nephrocystin-4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: AP Rab14563



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	Nephrocystin-4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	IHC, ICC, IF, ELISA
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human, Rat, Mouse

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Polyclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	NPHP4
别名 (Alternative Names)	NPHP4; KIAA0673; Nephrocystin-4; Nephroretinin
基因 ID (Gene ID)	261734.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	O75161. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human NPHP4. AA range: 877-926

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	IHC 1:100-1:300, ICC/IF 1:50-1:200, ELISA 1:20000-1:40000
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	

研究背景 (Background)

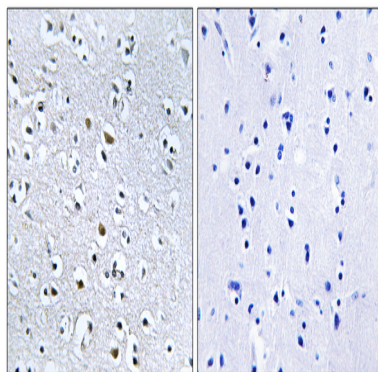
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This gene encodes a protein involved in renal tubular development and function. This protein interacts with nephrocystin, and belongs to a multifunctional complex that is localized to actin- and microtubule-based structures. Mutations in this gene are associated with nephronophthisis type 4, a renal disease, and with Senior-Loken syndrome type 4, a combination of nephronophthisis and retinitis pigmentosa. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014],disease:Defects in NPHP4 are the cause of nephronophthisis type 4 (NPHP4) [MIM:606966]; also known as familial juvenile nephronophthisis 4. NPHP4 is an autosomal recessive inherited disease resulting in end-stage renal disease at age ranging between 6 and 35 years. It is a progressive tubulo-interstitial kidney disorder characterized by polydipsia, polyuria, anemia and growth retardation. The most prominent histological features are modifications of the tubules with thickening of the basement membrane, interstitial fibrosis and, in the advanced stages, medullary cysts.,disease:Defects in NPHP4 are the cause of Senior-Loken syndrome type 4 (SLSN4) [MIM:606996]. SLSN is a renal-retinal disorder characterized by progressive wasting of the filtering unit of the kidney, with or without medullary cystic renal disease, and progressive eye disease. Typically this disorder becomes apparent during the first year of life.,similarity:Belongs to the NPHP4 family.,subunit:Interacts with NPHP1 and RPGRIP1L.,tissue specificity:Expressed in kidney, skeletal muscle, heart and liver, and to a lesser extent in brain and lung.,

研究领域 (Research Area)

图片 (Image Data)



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using NPHP4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .