产品名称: p38 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

产品货号: APRab15622



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) p38 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit 应用 (Application) WB,ELISA

种属反应性 (Reactivity) Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)Unconjugated修饰 (Modification)Unmodified

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

New type preservative N.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) MAPK14

MAPK14; CSBP; CSBP1; CSBP2; CSPB1; MXI2; SAPK2A; Mitogen-activated

protein kinase 14; MAP kinase 14; MAPK 14; Cytokine suppressive anti-

别名 (Alternative Names) inflammatory drug-binding protein; CSAID-binding protein; CSBP; MAP kinase

MXI2; MAX-interacting protein 2; Mitogen-activated protein kinase p38 alpha;

MAP kinase p38 alpha; Stress-activated protein kinase 2a; SAPK2a

基因 ID (Gene ID) 1432.0

Q16539.Synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human 蛋白ID (SwissProt ID)

p38.

产品应用 (Application)

Web:https://www.enkilife.cn E-mail:order@enkilife.cn (销售) tech@enkilife.cn (技支持) Tel:027-87002838

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稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) 38kDa

研究背景 (Background)

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by the interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppressor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulation, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding dcatalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein,,cofactor:Magnesium.,domain:The TXY motif contains the threonine and tyrosine residues whose phosphorylation activates the MAP kinases., enzyme regulation: Activated by threonine and tyrosine phosphorylation by either of two dual specificity kinases, MAP2K3 or MAP2K6, and potentially also MAP2K4. Inhibited by dual specificity phosphatases, such as DUSP1. Specifically inhibited by the binding of pyridinyl-imidazole compounds, which are cytokinesuppressive anti-inflammatory drugs (CSAID). Isoform Mxi2 is 100-fold less sensitive to these agents than the other isoforms and is not inhibited by DUSP1. Isoform Exip is not activated by MAP2K6., function: Responds to activation by environmental stress, pro-inflammatory cytokines and lipopolysaccharide (LPS) by phosphorylating a number of transcription factors, such as ELK1 and ATF2 and several downstream kinases, such as MAPKAPK2 and MAPKAPK5. Plays a critical role in the production of some cytokines, for example IL-6. May play a role in stabilization of EPO mRNA during hypoxic stress. Isoform Mxi2 activation is stimulated by mitogens and oxidative stress and only poorly phosphorylates ELK1 and ATF2. Isoform Exip may play a role in the early onset of apoptosis., online information: P38 mitogen-activated protein kinases entry, PTM: Dually phosphorylated on Thr-180 and Tyr-182, which activates the enzyme., PTM: Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CMGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MAP kinase subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain, subunit: Binds to a kinase interaction motif within the protein tyrosine phosphatase, PTPRR. This interaction retains MAPK14 in the cytoplasm and prevents nuclear accumulation. Interacts with SPAG9 (By similarity). Interacts with NP60 and FAM48A., tissue specificity: Brain, heart, placenta, pancreas and skeletal muscle. Expressed to a lesser extent in lung, liver and kidney.,

研究领域(Research Area)

MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;VEGF;Toll_Like;NOD-like receptor;RIG-I-like receptor;T_Cell_Receptor;Fc epsilon RI;Leukocyte transendothelial migration;Neurotrophin;GnRH;Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation;Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS);Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;

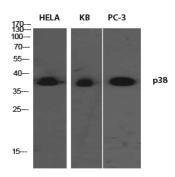
图片 (Image Data)

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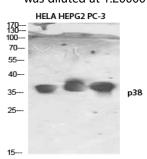
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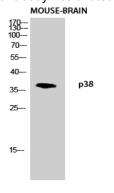




Western Blot analysis of HELA KB PC-3 using p38 Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western Blot analysis of HELA HEPG2 PC-3 using p38 Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of mouse-brain lysis using p38 antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:2000.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.