产品名称: PEK/PERK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

产品货号: APRab15957



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) PEK/PERK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit 应用 (Application) WB,ELISA

种属反应性 (Reactivity) Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)Unconjugated修饰 (Modification)Unmodified

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

New type preservative N.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) EIF2AK3 PEK PERK

Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2-alpha kinase 3 (EC 2.7.11.1) (PRKR-like 別名 (Alternative Names)

endoplasmic reticulum kinase) (Pancreatic elF2-alpha kinase) (HsPEK)

基因 ID (Gene ID) 9451.0

蛋白ID (SwissProt ID) Q9NZJ5.Synthesized peptide derived from human PEK/PERK Polyclonal

产品应用(Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) 130kDa

研究背景 (Background)

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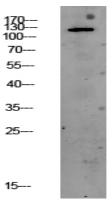


The protein encoded by this gene phosphorylates the alpha subunit of eukaryotic translation-initiation factor 2, leading to its inactivation, and thus to a rapid reduction of translational initiation and repression of global protein synthesis. This protein is thought to modulate mitochondrial function. It is a type I membrane protein located in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER), where it is induced by ER stress caused by malfolded proteins. Mutations in this gene are associated with Wolcott-Rallison syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015], catalytic activity: ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein, disease: Defects in EIF2AK3 are the cause of Wolcott-Rallison syndrome (WRS) [MIM:226980]; also known as multiple epiphyseal dysplasia with early-onset diabetes mellitus. WRS is a rare autosomal recessive disorder, characterized by permanent neonatal or early infancy insulin-dependent diabetes and, at a later age, epiphyseal dysplasia, osteoporosis, growth retardation and other multisystem manifestations, such as hepatic and renal dysfunctions, mental retardation and cardiovascular abnormalities., domain: The lumenal domain senses perturbations in protein folding in the ER, probably through reversible interaction with HSPA5/BIP, enzyme regulation: Perturbation in protein folding in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) promotes reversible dissociation from HSPA5/BIP and oligomerization, resulting in transautophosphorylation and kinase activity induction, function: Phosphorylates the alpha subunit of eukaryotic translation-initiation factor 2 (EIF2), leading to its inactivation and thus to a rapid reduction of translational initiation and repression of global protein synthesis. Serves as a critical effector of unfolded protein response (UPR)-induced G1 growth arrest due to the loss of cyclin D1, induction: By ER stress, PTM: Autophosphorylated, PTM: N-glycosylated, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Ser/Thr protein kinase family. GCN2 subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain, subunit: Forms dimers with HSPA5/BIP in resting cells. Oligomerizes in ER-stressed cells. Interacts with DNAJC3, tissue specificity: Ubiquitous. A high level expression is seen in secretory tissues.,

研究领域 (Research Area)

Alzheimer's disease;

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot analysis of CACO2 lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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