

产品名称: Rhodopsin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab17129



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	Rhodopsin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human,Mouse,Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Polyclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	RHO
别名 (Alternative Names)	RHO; OPN2; Rhodopsin; Opsin-2
基因 ID (Gene ID)	6010.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	P08100.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Rhodopsin. AA range:299-348

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	42kDa

研究背景 (Background)

产品名称: Rhodopsin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: AP Rab17129

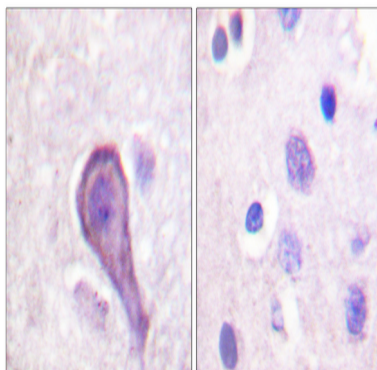


Retinitis pigmentosa is an inherited progressive disease which is a major cause of blindness in western communities. It can be inherited as an autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, or X-linked recessive disorder. In the autosomal dominant form, which comprises about 25% of total cases, approximately 30% of families have mutations in the gene encoding the rod photoreceptor-specific protein rhodopsin. This is the transmembrane protein which, when photoexcited, initiates the visual transduction cascade. Defects in this gene are also one of the causes of congenital stationary night blindness. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], disease: Defects in RHO are a cause of retinitis pigmentosa autosomal recessive (ARRP) [MIM:268000], disease: Defects in RHO are the cause of congenital stationary night blindness autosomal dominant type 1 (CSNBAD1) [MIM:610445]; also known as rhodopsin-related congenital stationary night blindness. Congenital stationary night blindness is a non-progressive retinal disorder characterized by impaired night vision., disease: Defects in RHO are the cause of retinitis pigmentosa type 4 (RP4) [MIM:180380]. RP leads to degeneration of retinal photoreceptor cells. Patients typically have night vision blindness and loss of midperipheral visual field. As their condition progresses, they lose their far peripheral visual field and eventually central vision as well. RP4 inheritance is autosomal dominant., function: Photoreceptor required for image-forming vision at low light intensity. Required for photoreceptor cell viability after birth. Light-induced isomerization of 11-cis to all-trans retinal triggers a conformational change leading to G-protein activation and release of all-trans retinal., online information: Retina International's Scientific Newsletter, online information: Rhodopsin entry, online information: Rhodopsin mutations page, PTM: Phosphorylated on some or all of the serine and threonine residues present in the C-terminal region., similarity: Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. Opsin subfamily., tissue specificity: Rod shaped photoreceptor cells which mediate vision in dim light.,

研究领域 (Research Area)

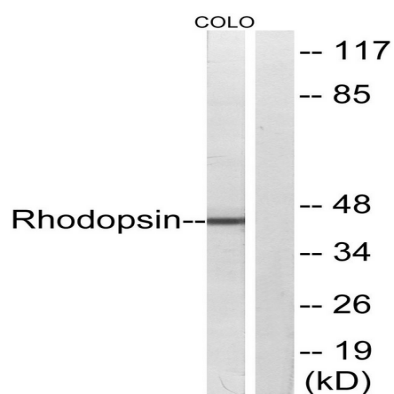
Regulation of Microtubule Dynamics; Regulation of Actin Dynamics; SAPK_JNK; B_Cell_Antigen

图片 (Image Data)

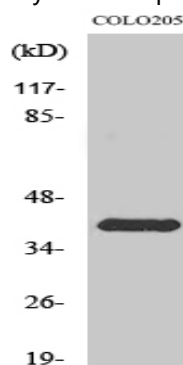


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using Rhodopsin Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

产品名称: Rhodopsin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
产品货号: APRab17129



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO cells, using Rhodopsin Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Rhodopsin Polyclonal Antibody

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .