



产品货号: APRab20437



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) NFKB-p65 (Acetyl Lys310) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit

应用 (Application)WB,IHC,ICC/IF种属反应性 (Reactivity)Human,Mouse

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)Unconjugated修饰 (Modification)Acetylated

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Polyclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% 储存溶液 (Buffer)

sodium azide.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity Purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) RELA

RELA; NFKB3; Transcription factor p65; Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p65 **别名 (Alternative Names)**

subunit; Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 3

基因 ID (Gene ID) 5970.0 蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID) Q04206.

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:300

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) Observed MW: 65kDa

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Antibody

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研究背景 (Background)

NF-kappa-B is a ubiquitous transcription factor involved in several biological processes. It is held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state by specific inhibitors. Upon degradation of the inhibitor, NF-kappa-B moves to the nucleus and activates transcription of specific genes. NF-kappa-B is composed of NFKB1 or NFKB2 bound to either REL, RELA, or RELB. The most abundant form of NF-kappa-B is NFKB1 complexed with the product of this gene, RELA. Four transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011], function: NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex appears to be involved in invasin-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. The inhibitory effect of I-kappa-B upon NF-kappa-B the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with p65. p65 shows a weak DNA-binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF-kappa-B complex, PTM: Phosphorylation on 'Ser-536' stimulates acetylation on 'Lys-310' and interaction with CBP; the phosphorylated and acetylated forms show enhanced transcriptional activity, PTM: Reversibly acetylated; the acetylation seems to be mediated by CBP, the deacetylation by HDAC3. Acetylation at 'Lys-122' enhances DNA binding and impairs association with NFKBIA. Acetylation at 'Lys-310' is required for full transcriptional activity in the absence of effects on DNA binding and NFKBIA association. Acetylation can also lower DNAbinding and results in nuclear export.,PTM:Ubiquitinated, leading to its proteosomal degradation. Degradation is required for termination of NF-kappa-B response, similarity: Contains 1 RHD (Rel-like) domain, subcellular location: Nuclear, but also found in the cytoplasm in an inactive form complexed to an inhibitor (I-kappa-B), subunit: Component of the NF-kappa-B p65-p50 complex. Component of the NF-kappa-B p65-c-Rel complex. Homodimer; component of the NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex. Component of the NF-kappa-B p65-p52 complex. May interact with ETHE1. Binds AES and TLE1. Interacts with TP53BP2. Binds to and is phosphorylated by the activated form of either RPS6KA4 or RPS6KA5. Interacts with ING4 and this interaction may be indirect. Interacts with CARM1, USP48 and UNC5CL. Interacts with IRAK1BP1 (By similarity). Interacts with NFKBID (By similarity). Interacts with NFKBIA. Interacts with GSK3B. Interacts with NFKBIB (By similarity). Interacts with NFKBIE. Interacts with NFKBIZ (By similarity). Part of a 70-90 kDa complex at least consisting of CHUK, IKBKB, NFKBIA, RELA, IKBKAP and MAP3K14. Interacts with HDAC3; HDAC3 mediates the deacetylation of RELA. Interacts with HDAC1; the

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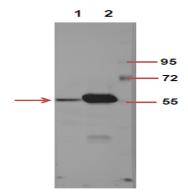
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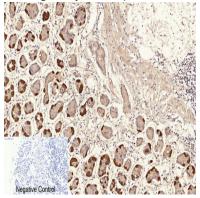
interaction requires non-phosphorylated RELA. Interacts with CBP; the interaction requires phosphorylated RELA. Interacts (phosphorylated at 'Thr-254') with PIN1; the interaction inhibits p65 binding to NFKBIA. Interacts with SOCS1. Interacts with UXT. Interacts with MTDH. Interacts with human respiratory syncytial virus (HRSV) protein M2-1.,

研究领域 (Research Area)

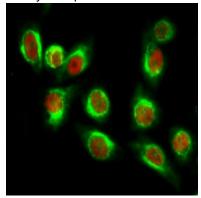
图片 (Image Data)



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Acetyl-NFkB-p65 (K310) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-stomach tissue.



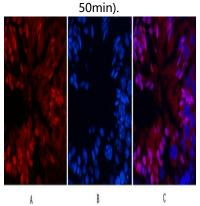
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Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,NFκB-p65 (Acetyl Lys310) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). β-Tubulin Monoclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature,



Immunofluorescence analysis of Mouse-testis tissue. 1,NFkB-p65 (Acetyl Lys310) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue)

10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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