

产品名称: TGM2 (5V19) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
产品货号: AMRe18863



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	TGM2 (5V19) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	WB,IHC,IP,IF-P
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human,Mouse,Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Monoclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% New type preservative N and 0.05% protective protein.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	TGM2
别名 (Alternative Names)	TGM2; Tissue transglutaminase; Transglutaminase C; TG(C); TGC; TGase C; ransglutaminase H; TGase H; Transglutaminase-2; TGase-2;
基因 ID (Gene ID)	7052.0
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	P21980.A synthetic peptide of human Transglutaminase 2

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	WB 1:2000-1:10000,IHC 1:50-1:100,IP 1:20-1:50,IF-P 1:50-1:100
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	77kDa

研究背景 (Background)

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Catalyzes the cross-linking of proteins and the conjugation of polyamines to proteins. Calcium-dependent acyltransferase that catalyzes the formation of covalent bonds between peptide-bound glutamine and various primary amines, such as gamma-amino group of peptide-bound lysine, or mono- and polyamines, thereby producing cross-linked or aminated proteins, respectively (PubMed: [9252372](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9252372), PubMed: [23941696](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23941696), PubMed: [31991788](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31991788)). Involved in many biological processes, such as bone development, angiogenesis, wound healing, cellular differentiation, chromatin modification and apoptosis (PubMed: [1683874](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1683874), PubMed: [7935379](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7935379), PubMed: [9252372](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9252372), PubMed: [27270573](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27270573)). Acts as a protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase by mediating the cross-linking of proteins, such as ACO2, HSPB6, FN1, HMGB1, RAP1GDS1, SLC25A4/ANT1, SPP1 and WDR54 (PubMed: [23941696](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23941696), PubMed: [24349085](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24349085), PubMed: [29618516](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29618516), PubMed: [30458214](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30458214)). Under physiological conditions, the protein cross-linking activity is inhibited by GTP; inhibition is relieved by Ca(2+) in response to various stresses (PubMed: [7649299](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7649299), PubMed: [7592956](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7592956), PubMed: [18092889](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18092889)). When secreted, catalyzes cross-linking of proteins of the extracellular matrix, such as FN1 and SPP1 resulting in the formation of scaffolds (PubMed: [12506096](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12506096)). Plays a key role during apoptosis, both by (1) promoting the cross-linking of cytoskeletal proteins resulting in condensation of the cytoplasm, and by (2) mediating cross-linking proteins of the extracellular matrix, resulting in the irreversible formation of scaffolds that stabilize the integrity of the dying cells before their clearance by phagocytosis, thereby preventing the leakage of harmful intracellular components (PubMed: [7935379](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7935379), PubMed: [9252372](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9252372)). In addition to protein cross-linking, can use different monoamine substrates to catalyze a vast array of protein post-translational modifications: mediates aminylation of serotonin, dopamine, noradrenaline or histamine into glutamine residues of target proteins to generate protein serotonylation, dopaminylation, noradrenalinylation or histaminylation, respectively (PubMed: [23797785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23797785), PubMed: [30867594](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30867594)). Mediates protein serotonylation of small GTPases during activation and aggregation of platelets, leading to constitutive activation of these GTPases (By similarity). Plays a key role in chromatin organization by mediating serotonylation and dopaminylation of histone H3 (PubMed: [30867594](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30867594), PubMed: [30867594](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30867594)).

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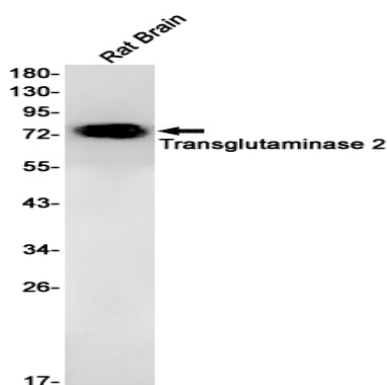


<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32273471> target="_blank">32273471). Catalyzes serotonylation of 'Gln-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5ser) during serotonergic neuron differentiation, thereby facilitating transcription (PubMed:30867594). Acts as a mediator of neurotransmission-independent role of nuclear dopamine in ventral tegmental area (VTA) neurons: catalyzes dopaminylation of 'Gln- 5' of histone H3 (H3Q5dop), thereby regulating relapse-related transcriptional plasticity in the reward system (PubMed:32273471). Regulates vein remodeling by mediating serotonylation and subsequent inactivation of ATP2A2/SERCA2 (By similarity). Also acts as a protein deamidase by mediating the side chain deamidation of specific glutamine residues of proteins to glutamate (PubMed:9623982, PubMed:20547769). Catalyzes specific deamidation of protein gliadin, a component of wheat gluten in the diet (PubMed:9623982). May also act as an isopeptidase cleaving the previously formed cross-links (PubMed:26250429, PubMed:27131890). Also able to participate in signaling pathways independently of its acyltransferase activity: acts as a signal transducer in alpha-1 adrenergic receptor-mediated stimulation of phospholipase C-delta (PLCD) activity and is required for coupling alpha-1 adrenergic agonists to the stimulation of phosphoinositide lipid metabolism (PubMed:8943303).

研究领域 (Research Area)

Cell Biology

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot detection of Transglutaminase 2 in Rat Brain lysates using Transglutaminase 2 antibody(1:1000 diluted).

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .