产品名称: GIRK1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

产品货号: AMRe87156



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) GIRK1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit **应用 (Application)** WB,FC

种属反应性 (Reactivity) Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation) Unconjugated 修饰 (Modification) Unmodified

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Monoclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01%

储存溶液 (Buffer) sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein. Stable for 12 months from date

of receipt.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity Purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) GIRK1

別名 (Alternative Names) KGA; GIRK1; KIR3.1

基因 ID (Gene ID) 3760 **蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)** P48549.

产品应用(Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:1000-1:5000,FC 1:100-1:500

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) Calculated MW:57 kDa; Observed MW:57 kDa

研究背景 (Background)

Web:https://www.enkilife.cn E-mail:order@enkilife.cn (销售) tech@enkilife.cn (技支持) Tel:027-87002838

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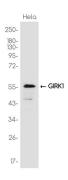
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Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell, is controlled by G-proteins and plays an important role in regulating heartbeat. It associates with three other G-protein-activated potassium channels to form a heteromultimeric pore-forming complex that also couples to neurotransmitter receptors in the brain and whereby channel activation can inhibit action potential firing by hyperpolarizing the plasma membrane. These multimeric G-protein-gated inwardly-rectifying potassium (GIRK) channels may play a role in the pathophysiology of epilepsy, addiction, Down's syndrome, ataxia, and Parkinson's disease. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct proteins. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012]

研究领域 (Research Area)

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells using AMRe87156 at 1:1000.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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