

产品名称: Ikaros Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
产品货号: AMRe87255



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name)	Ikaros Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
描述 (Description)	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
宿主 (Host)	Rabbit
应用 (Application)	WB, ICC/IF, FC, IP
种属反应性 (Reactivity)	Human

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation)	Unconjugated
修饰 (Modification)	Unmodified
同种型 (Isotype)	IgG
克隆 (Clonality)	Monoclonal
形式 (Form)	Liquid
存放说明 (Storage)	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
储存溶液 (Buffer)	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
纯化方式 (Purification)	Affinity Purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name)	Ikaros
别名 (Alternative Names)	IK1; LYF1; LyF-1; CVID13; IKAROS; PPP1R92; PRO0758; ZNFN1A1; Hs.54452
基因 ID (Gene ID)	10320
蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)	Q13422.

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio)	WB 1:1000-1:5000, ICC/IF 1:100-1:200, FC 1:50-1:100, IP 1:20-1:50
蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight)	Calculated MW:58 kDa; Observed MW:50-70 kDa

研究背景 (Background)

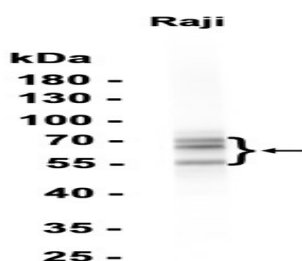
产品名称: Ikaros Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
产品货号: AMRe87255



This gene encodes a transcription factor that belongs to the family of zinc-finger DNA-binding proteins associated with chromatin remodeling. The expression of this protein is restricted to the fetal and adult hemo-lymphopoietic system, and it functions as a regulator of lymphocyte differentiation. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. Most isoforms share a common C-terminal domain, which contains two zinc finger motifs that are required for hetero- or homo-dimerization, and for interactions with other proteins. The isoforms, however, differ in the number of N-terminal zinc finger motifs that bind DNA and in nuclear localization signal presence, resulting in members with and without DNA-binding properties. Only a few isoforms contain the requisite three or more N-terminal zinc motifs that confer high affinity binding to a specific core DNA sequence element in the promoters of target genes. The non-DNA-binding isoforms are largely found in the cytoplasm, and are thought to function as dominant-negative factors. Overexpression of some dominant-negative isoforms have been associated with B-cell malignancies, such as acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL). [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]

研究领域 (Research Area)

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot analysis of extracts from Raji cells using AMRe87255 at 1:1000.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only .