产品名称: VEGFA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

产品货号: AMRe87439



产品概述 (Summary)

产品名称 (Production Name) VEGFA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

描述 (Description) Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

宿主 (Host) Rabbit 应用 (Application) WB

种属反应性 (Reactivity) Human, Mouse, Rat

产品性能 (Performance)

偶联物 (Conjugation) Unconjugated 修饰 (Modification) Unmodified

同种型 (Isotype) IgG

克隆 (Clonality) Monoclonal 形式 (Form) Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid 存放说明 (Storage)

freeze/thaw cycles.

Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01%

储存溶液 (Buffer) sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein. Stable for 12 months from date

of receipt.

纯化方式 (Purification) Affinity Purification

免疫原信息 (Immunogen)

基因名 (Gene Name) VEGFA

別名 (Alternative Names) VPF; VEGF; MVCD1

基因 ID (Gene ID) 7422 **蛋白 ID (SwissProt ID)** P15692.

产品应用 (Application)

稀释比 (Dilution Ratio) WB 1:500-1:2000

蛋白分子量 (Molecular Weight) Calculated MW:44 kDa; Observed MW:44 kDa

研究背景 (Background)

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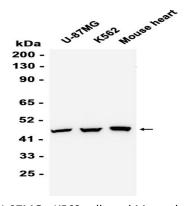
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This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family. It encodes a heparin-binding protein, which exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. This growth factor induces proliferation and migration of vascular endothelial cells, and is essential for both physiological and pathological angiogenesis. Disruption of this gene in mice resulted in abnormal embryonic blood vessel formation. This gene is upregulated in many known tumors and its expression is correlated with tumor stage and progression. Elevated levels of this protein are found in patients with POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Allelic variants of this gene have been associated with microvascular complications of diabetes 1 (MVCD1) and atherosclerosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. There is also evidence for alternative translation initiation from upstream non-AUG (CUG) codons resulting in additional isoforms. A recent study showed that a C-terminally extended isoform is produced by use of an alternative in-frame translation termination codon via a stop codon readthrough mechanism, and that this isoform is antiangiogenic. Expression of some isoforms derived from the AUG start codon is regulated by a small upstream open reading frame, which is located within an internal ribosome entry site. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]

研究领域 (Research Area)

图片 (Image Data)



Western blot analysis of extracts from U-87MG, K562 cells and Mouse heart tissue using AMRe87439 at 1:1000.

注意事项 (Note)

For research use only.

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