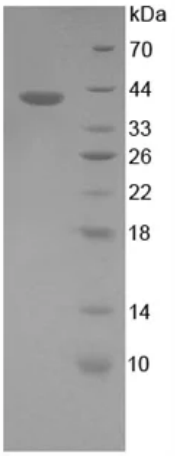
Active Galectin 12 (GAL12)

Catalog#:PEM12338

概述（Summary）

别称（Alternative Names）	LGALS12; GRIP1; Lectin,Galactoside-Binding Soluble 12; Galectin-related inhibitor of proliferation
纯度（Purity）	Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
内毒素（Endotoxin level）	Please contact with the lab for this information
蛋白构建（Construction）	【Met1-Cys314】
Accession #	Q91VD1
表达宿主（Host）	E.coli
种属（Species）	Mus musculus (Mouse)
预测分子量（Predicted MW）	39.1 kDa
制剂（Form）	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 1mM DTT, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.
运输方式（Shipping）	The product is shipped with ice bag. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存（Stability &Storage）	12 months at -20°C to -80°C in lyophilized state.6 months at -20°C to -80°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.7-10 days at 2°C to 8°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶（Reconstitution）	Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.
背景介绍（References）	Binds lactose. May participate in the apoptosis of adipocytes.

电泳图（SDS-PAGE image）



Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

活性图（Bioactivity image）



Galectin-12 is a member of a family of mammalian lectins known as galectins. The galectins constitute a large family of carbohydrate-binding proteins that function in many systems both intracellularly and following secretion. Galectins contain either one or two carbohydrate recognition domains (CRR) which mediate recognition of N-acetyl-lactosamine-containing glycoproteins. Individual galectins differ in their tissue distribution and in their carbohydrate-binding specificities. Galectin-12 is predominantly expressed in adipose tissue and detected also in macrophages and other leukocytes. It plays an important role in cell-cell adhesion, cell-matrix interactions, macrophage activation, angiogenesis, metastasis, apoptosis. In this case, we chose rabbit erythrocyte (RaE) to assay its ability of agglutination. A general procedure for hemagglutination assay (or haemagglutination assay; HA) is as follows, two-fold dilute the recombinant mouse GAL12 with 0.9% sodium chloride injection, add 50μL a serial dilution of GAL12 to each well of a U or V-bottom shaped 96-well microtiter plate. The final well serves as a negative control with no GAL12, replace with 50μL 0.9% sodium chloride injection. Then add 50μL 1% rabbit erythrocyte to each well and mixed gently. The plate is incubated for 3 hours at room temperature. The results are shown in Figure 1. It was obvious that the minimal effective concentration of GAL12 is 0.78 μg/mL Figure 2. The hemagglutination assay of GAL12 in V- bottom shaped 96-well microtiter plate.

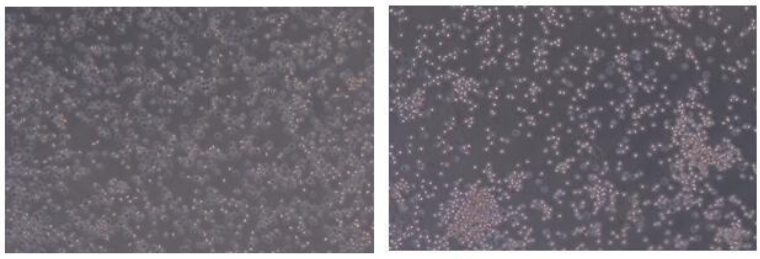


Figure 1. The hemagglutination of recombinant mouse GAL12

(A) Rabbit erythrocyte reacted with no GAL12 for 3h;
(B) Rabbit erythrocyte reacted with 50ug/ml GAL12 for 3h.

注意事项（Note）

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