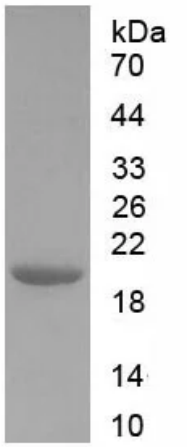
Active Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha (TNFa)

Catalog#:PEV12231

概述（Summary）

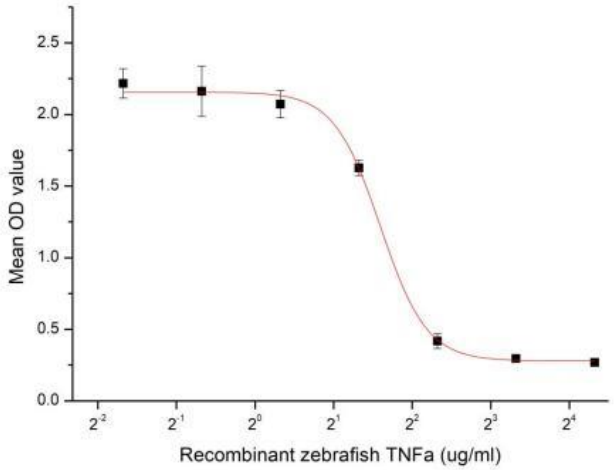
别称（Alternative Names）	DIF; TNF-A; TNFSF2; Cachectin; Tumor Necrosis Factor Ligand Superfamily Member 2
纯度（Purity）	Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
内毒素（Endotoxin level）	Please contact with the lab for this information
蛋白构建（Construction）	【Ala88-Leu234】
Accession #	Q08CQ3
表达宿主（Host）	E.coli
种属（Species）	Danio rerio (Zebrafish)
预测分子量（Predicted MW）	20.1 kDa
制剂（Form）	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 1mM DTT, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.
运输方式（Shipping）	The product is shipped with ice bag. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存（Stability &Storage）	12 months at -20°C to -80°C in lyophilized state.6 months at -20°C to -80°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.7-10 days at 2°C to 8°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶（Reconstitution）	Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

电泳图（SDS-PAGE image）

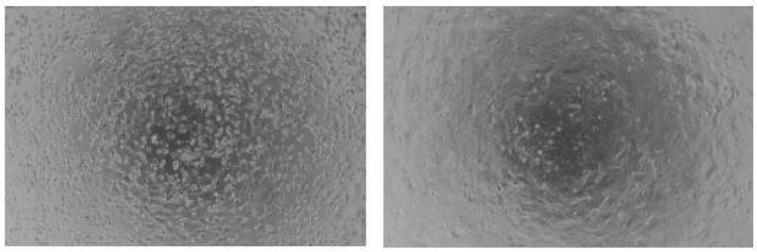


Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

活性图（Bioactivity image）



Tumor necrosis factor (TNF, tumor necrosis factor alpha, TNFα, cachexin, or cachectin) is a cell signaling protein (cytokine) involved in systemic inflammation and is one of the cytokines that make up the acute phase reaction. The primary role of TNF is in the regulation of immune cells. TNF, being an endogenous pyrogen, is able to induce fever, apoptotic cell death, cachexia, inflammation and to inhibit tumorigenesis and viral replication and respond to sepsis via IL1 Figure 2. Inhibition of A549 cells proliferation after stimulated with TNFα.



A B

Figure 1. Inhibition ofA549 cells proliferation after stimulated with TNFα
(A) A549 cells cultured in DMEM, stimulated with 2.5 μg/ml TNFα for 72h;
(B) Unstimulated A549 cells cultured in DMEM for 72h.

注意事项（Note）

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