# Eukaryotic Cluster Of Differentiation 8a (CD8a)(N-6His)

*Catalog#:PHM13400*

## 概述（Summary）

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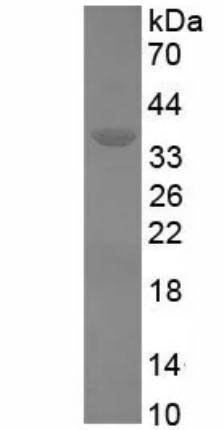
| **别称（Alternative Names）** | p32; CD8-A; Leu2; MAL; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain; T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2 |
| **纯度（Purity）** | Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| **内毒素（Endotoxin level）** | <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test. |
| **蛋白构建（Construction）** | 6His-【Lys28-Tyr196】 |
| **Accession #** | P01731 |
| **表达宿主（Host）** | 293F |
| **种属（Species）** | Mus musculus (Mouse) |
| **预测分子量（Predicted MW）** | 20.5 kDa |
| **制剂（Form）** | Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 1mM DTT, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300. |
| **运输方式（Shipping）** | The product is shipped with ice bag. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below. |
| **稳定性&储存（Stability &Storage）** | 12 months at -20°C to -80°C in lyophilized state.6 months at -20°C to -80°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.7-10 days at 2°C to 8°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles. |
| **复溶（Reconstitution）** | Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex. |
| **背景介绍（References）** | Integral membrane glycoprotein that plays an essential role in the immune response and serves multiple functions in responses against both external and internal offenses. In T-cells, functions primarily as a coreceptor for MHC class I molecule:peptide complex. The antigens presented by class I peptides are derived from cytosolic proteins while class II derived from extracellular proteins. Interacts simultaneously with the T-cell receptor (TCR) and the MHC class I proteins presented by antigen presenting cells (APCs). In turn, recruits the Src kinase LCK to the vicinity of the TCR-CD3 complex. LCK then initiates different |

intracellular signaling pathways by phosphorylating various substrates ultimately leading to lymphokine production, motility, adhesion and activation of cytotoxic T-lymphocytes (CTLs). This mechanism enables CTLs to recognize and eliminate infected cells and tumor cells. In NK-cells, the presence of CD8A homodimers at the cell surface provides a survival mechanism allowing conjugation and lysis of multiple target cells. CD8A homodimer molecules also promote the survival and differentiation of activated lymphocytes into memory CD8 T-cells.

## 电泳图（SDS-PAGE image）




Greater than 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## 注意事项（Note）

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