Active Matrix Metalloproteinase 13 (MMP13)

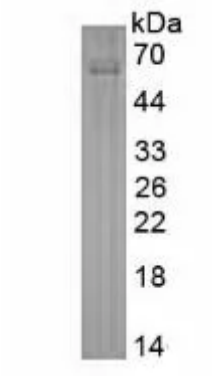
Catalog#:PHR12178

概述（Summary）

别称（Alternative Names）	CLG3; Collagenase 3
纯度（Purity）	Greater than 97% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
内毒素（Endotoxin level）	Please contact with the lab for this information
蛋白构建（Construction）	【Leu14-Cys466】
Accession #	P23097
表达宿主（Host）	293F
种属（Species）	Rattus norvegicus (Rat)
预测分子量（Predicted MW）	53.4 kDa
制剂（Form）	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 1mM DTT, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.
运输方式（Shipping）	The product is shipped with ice bag. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存（Stability &Storage）	12 months at -20°C to -80°C in lyophilized state.6 months at -20°C to -80°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.7-10 days at 2°C to 8°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶（Reconstitution）	Reconstitute in ddH_2O to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL. Do not vortex.
背景介绍（References）	Plays a role in the degradation of extracellular matrix proteins including fibrillar collagen, fibronectin, TNC and ACAN. Cleaves triple helical collagens, including type I, type II and type III collagen, but has the highest activity with soluble type II collagen. Can also degrade collagen type IV, type XIV and type X. May also function by activating or degrading key regulatory proteins, such as TGFB1 and CCN2. Plays a role in wound healing, tissue remodeling, cartilage degradation, bone development, bone mineralization and ossification. Required for normal embryonic bone development and ossification. Plays a role in the healing of bone fractures via endochondral ossification. Plays a role in wound healing, probably by a mechanism that involves proteolytic activation of TGFB1 and

degradation of CCN2. Plays a role in keratinocyte migration during wound healing. May play a role in cell migration and in tumor cell invasion.

电泳图（SDS-PAGE image）



Greater than 97% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

活性图（Bioactivity image）

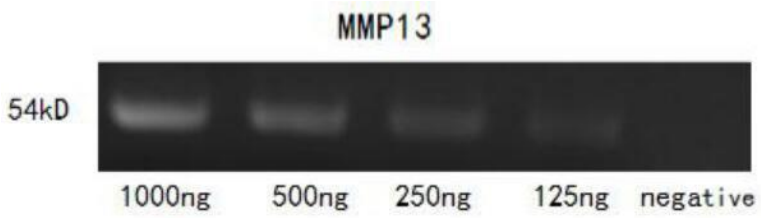


Figure 1. Gelatin hydrolysis by recombinant rat MMP13.

Matrix Metalloproteinase 13 (MMP13) is a member of the matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) family. MMP13 has been proposed to participate in aggrecan degradation associated with osteoarthritis and cleavage of type II collagen in osteoarthritic cartilage explants and in tumor progression and metastasis. In addition, it can cleave type I, III, IV, IX, X and XIV collagens and fibronectin. MMP13 is likely to play a crucial role in the modulation of extracellular matrix degradation and cell-matrix interactions. Although gelatin zymography is mainly used for the detection of the MMP2 and MMP9, it also can be used for MMP13 dection. Briefly, various concentrations of MMP13 (1000ng, 500ng, 250ng, 125ng) were denatured by SDS loading buffer, electrophoresed through sodium dodecylsulphat- polyacrylamide gel (SDS-PAGE; 10% gels) containing gelatin (1mg/mL) with nonreducing conditions. After renaturation, incubation and CCB-stained, active MMP13 would hydrolyze gelatin nearby, which was indicated by the white bands on the gel. In this experiment we use heat-denatured MMP13 protein as negative control, and blood sample as positive control. Result: Gelatin hydrolysis by recombinant rat MMP13 was shown in figure 1.

注意事项（Note）

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