

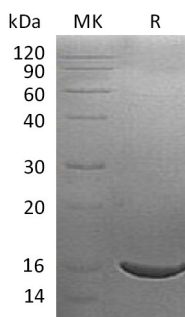
Product Name: Recombinant Human ISG15 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PEH1017



概述 (Summary)

英文全称	ISG15/G1P2/UCRP
纯度 (Purity)	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
内毒素 (Endotoxin level)	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
蛋白构建 (Construction)	Recombinant Human Interferon-stimulated Gene 15 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Gly2-Gly157 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	AAH09507.1
蛋白标签 (Tag)	
表达宿主 (Host)	E.coli
种属 (Species)	Human
预测分子量 (Predicted MW)	18.1 KDa
蛋白形态 (Form)	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 50mM HEPES, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
储存缓冲液 (Buffer)	
运输方式 (Shipping)	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage)	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶 (Reconstitution)	

电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)



背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)	Ubiquitin-Like Protein ISG15; Interferon-Induced 15 kDa Protein; Interferon-
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背景介绍 (References)

Induced 17 kDa Protein; IP17; Ubiquitin Cross-Reactive Protein; hUCRP; ISG15; G1P2; UCRP

Ubiquitin-Like Protein ISG15 (ISG15) is a ubiquitin-like protein that becomes conjugated to many cellular proteins upon activation by interferon-alpha and -beta. Several functions have been ascribed to the encoded protein, including chemotactic activity towards neutrophils, direction of ligated target proteins to intermediate filaments, cell-to-cell signaling, and antiviral activity during viral infections. While conjugates of this protein have been found to be noncovalently attached to intermediate filaments, this protein is sometimes secreted. ISG15 becomes conjugated to a diverse set of proteins after IFN-alpha/beta stimulation or microbial challenge. The functions or biochemical consequences ISG15 conjugation to proteins are not yet known, but it appears that this modification does not target proteins for proteasomal degradation. ISG15 shows specific chemotactic activity towards neutrophils and activates them to induce release of eosinophil chemotactic factors. Upon interferon treatment, ISG15 can be detected in both free and conjugated forms, and is secreted from monocytes and lymphocytes where it can function as a cytokine. In the cell, ISG15 co-localizes with intermediate filaments and ISGylation may modulate the JAK-STAT pathway or certain aspects of neurological disease.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.