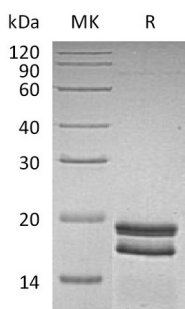


概述 (Summary)

英文全称	SUMO1/Small ubiquitin-related modifier 1
纯度 (Purity)	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
内毒素 (Endotoxin level)	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
蛋白构建 (Construction)	Recombinant Human Small Ubiquitin-Related Modifier 1 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Val101 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.
Accession #	AAH66306
蛋白标签 (Tag)	
表达宿主 (Host)	E.coli
种属 (Species)	Human
预测分子量 (Predicted MW)	13.7 KDa
蛋白形态 (Form)	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 100mM NaCl, 1mM DTT, pH 8.5 .
储存缓冲液 (Buffer)	
运输方式 (Shipping)	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage)	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶 (Reconstitution)	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Product Name: Recombinant Human SUMO1 (N-6His)
Catalog #: PEH1589



背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)

Small Ubiquitin-Related Modifier 1; SUMO-1; GAP-Modifying Protein 1; GMP1; SMT3 Homolog 3; Sentrin; Ubiquitin-Homology Domain Protein PIC1; Ubiquitin-Like Protein SMT3C; Smt3C; Ubiquitin-Like Protein UBL1; SUMO1; SMT3C; SMT3H3; UBL1

背景介绍 (References)

Small Ubiquitin-Related Modifier 1 (SUMO1) is an Ubiquitin-like protein that belongs to the ubiquitin family with SUMO subfamily. It is a family of small, related proteins that can be enzymatically attached to a target protein by a post-translational modification process termed sumoylation. SUMO1 functions in a manner similar to ubiquitin in that it is bound to target proteins as part of a post-translational modification system. This post-translational modification on lysine residues of proteins plays a crucial role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction. SUMO1 is involved in a variety of cellular processes, such as nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. SUMO1 is not active until the last four amino acids of the carboxy-terminus are cleaved off. Polymeric SUMO1 chains are also susceptible to polyubiquitination which functions as a signal for proteasomal degradation of modified proteins and may also regulate a network of genes involved in palate development.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.