Product Name: Recombinant Human BPI (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH0131



概述 (Summary)

英文全称 Bactericidal permeability-increasing protein/BPI/CAP57

纯度 (Purity) Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

内毒素 (Endotoxin level) <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

蛋白构建 (Construction) Recombinant Human Bactericidal Permeability-increasing Protein is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene

encoding Val32-Lys487 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # AAH40955.1

蛋白标签 (Tag)

表达宿主 (Host) Human Cells

种属 (Species) Human

预测分子量 (Predicted MW) 51.6 KDa

蛋白形态 (Form) Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 4mM HCl.

储存缓冲液 (Buffer)

运输方式 (Shipping) The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage) Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

复溶 (Reconstitution) Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in 4mM HCl. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to

is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized

protein in 4mM HCl. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize

freeze-thaw cycles.

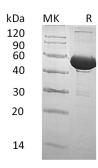
电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

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背景 (Background)

分子別名 (Alternative Names) 背景介绍 (References) Bactericidal permeability-increasing protein; BPI; CAP57

Bactericidal permeability-increasing protein(BPI for short), is a secreted protein which belongs to the BPI/LBP/Plunc superfamily, BPI/LBP family. It exists as a monomer or a disulfide-linked homodimer. The cytotoxic action of BPI is limited to many species of Gram-negative bacteria. This specificity may be explained by a strong affinity of the very basic N-terminal half for the negatively charged lipopolysaccharides that are unique to the Gram-negative bacterial outer envelope. BPI has antibacterial activity against the Gram-nagative bacterium P.aeruginosa, and this activity is inhibited by LPS from P.aeruginosa.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.