## **Product Name: Recombinant Human BTLA (C-Fc)**

Catalog #: PHH0172



### 概述 (Summary)

英文全称 BTLA/B-and-T-lymphocyte attenuator/CD272

纯度 (Purity) Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

内毒素 (Endotoxin level) <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

蛋白构建 (Construction) Recombinant Human B- and T-Lymphocyte Attenuator is produced by

our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Lys31-

Leu150 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # Q7Z6A9-2

蛋白标签 (Tag)

表达宿主 (Host) Human Cells

种属 (Species)Human预测分子量 (Predicted MW)40.9 KDa

蛋白形态 (Form) Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

储存缓冲液 (Buffer)

运输方式 (Shipping) The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage) Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

复溶 (Reconstitution) Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It

is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized

protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize

freeze-thaw cycles.

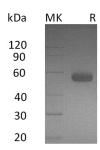
### 电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

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### 背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)

背景介绍 (References)

B- and T-Lymphocyte Attenuator; B- and T-Lymphocyte-Associated Protein; CD272; BTLA

B- and T-Lymphocyte Attenuator (BTLA) is a single-pass type I membrane protein containing 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. BTLA expression is induced during activation of T cells, and BTLA remains expressed on Th1 cells but not Th2 cells. Like PD1 and CTLA4, BTLA interacts with a B7 homolog, B7H4. However, unlike PD-1 and CTLA-4, BTLA displays T-Cell inhibition via interaction with tumor necrosis family receptors (TNF-R), not just the B7 family of cell surface receptors. BTLA is a lymphocyte inhibitory receptor that inhibits lymphocytes during immune response. BTLA also is a ligand for tumor necrosis factor (receptor) superfamily, member 14 (TNFRSF14), also known as herpes virus entry mediator (HVEM). BTLA-HVEM complexes negatively regulate T-cell immune responses.

#### 注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.