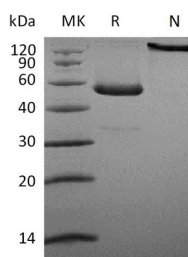


概述 (Summary)

英文全称	CD27L/CD70/CD27 Ligand/TNFSF7
纯度 (Purity)	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
内毒素 (Endotoxin level)	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
蛋白构建 (Construction)	Recombinant Human CD27 Ligand/CD70 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln45-Pro193 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P32970
蛋白标签 (Tag)	
表达宿主 (Host)	Human Cells
种属 (Species)	Human
预测分子量 (Predicted MW)	43.6 KDa
蛋白形态 (Form)	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
储存缓冲液 (Buffer)	
运输方式 (Shipping)	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage)	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
复溶 (Reconstitution)	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Product Name: Recombinant Human CD27L (C-Fc)
Catalog #: PHH0368



背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)

CD70 antigen; CD70; CD27 ligand; Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 7; CD27LG; TNFSF7; CD27L

背景介绍 (References)

CD27 Ligand (CD70) is a 30 kDa type 2 transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) ligand family. Human CD27 Ligand extracellular region is 64% aa identical to mouse and rat CD27 Ligand extracellular regions. This cytokine is a ligand for TNFRSF27/CD27. It is a surface antigen on activated, but not on resting, T and B lymphocytes. It induces proliferation of costimulated T cells, enhances the generation of cytolytic T cells, and contributes to T cell activation. This cytokine is also reported to play a role in regulating B-cell activation, cytotoxic function of natural killer cells, and immunoglobulin synthesis.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.