Product Name: Recombinant Human CST6 (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH0497



概述 (Summary)

英文全称 Cystatin E/Cystatin M/CST6

纯度 (Purity) Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

内毒素 (Endotoxin level) <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

蛋白构建 (Construction) Recombinant Human Cystatin E/Cystatin M is produced by our

Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Arg29-

Met149 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # Q15828

蛋白标签 (Tag)

表达宿主 (Host) Human Cells

种属 (Species) Human 预测分子量 (Predicted MW) 14.66 KDa

蛋白形态 (Form) Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 10% maltose,

0.1% Tween 80, pH9.0.

储存缓冲液 (Buffer)

运输方式 (Shipping) The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage) Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

复溶 (Reconstitution) Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to

is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize

freeze-thaw cycles.

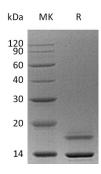
电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

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背景 (Background)

分子別名 (Alternative Names) 背景介绍 (References) Cystatin-M; Cystatin-6; Cystatin-E; CST6

Cystatin-M is a typical secretory protein. It is synthesized as a preprotein with a patent N-terminal signal sequence. It belongs to the cystatin family. The most widely accepted function of cystatins is that of protease inhibitors. Most cysteine proteases are confined within cells where optimal pH and redox conditions favor their enzymatic activity. Thus, the majority of intracellular cysteine proteases are inactivated by oxidizing conditions outside the cells. Among the various types of intracellular cysteine proteases, cystatins seem to target preferentially endosomal/lysosomal cysteine proteases of the papain family, such as cathepsin B, cathepsin K/O2, cathepsin L, cathepsin L2/V and cathepsin S. Another important function of Cst6 seems to be in the terminal differentiation of stratified squamous epithelial cells and in the formation of cornified envelops. Cst6 is believed to be important in fine-tuning the enzymatic activities of endosomal/lysosomal cysteine proteases such as cathepsin L, cathepsin L2/V and AEP/mammalian legumain. Deregulated activity of these proteases could lead to abnormal activation of transglutaminases and disorders in cornification.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.