Product Name: Recombinant Mouse AXL (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHM2168



概述 (Summary)

英文全称 AXL/Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO/AXL oncogene/UFO

纯度 (Purity) Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

内毒素 (Endotoxin level) <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

蛋白构建 (Construction) Recombinant Mouse Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO is produced

by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding

Ala19-Pro443 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # Q00993

蛋白标签 (Tag)

表达宿主 (Host) Human Cells

种属 (Species)Mouse预测分子量 (Predicted MW)47.2 KDa

蛋白形态 (Form) Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

储存缓冲液 (Buffer)

运输方式 (Shipping) The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage) Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

复溶 (Reconstitution) Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It

is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized

protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize

freeze-thaw cycles.

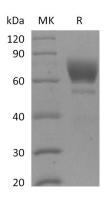
电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

Product Name: Recombinant Mouse AXL (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHM2168





背景 (Background)

分子別名 (Alternative Names) 背景介绍 (References) Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor UFO; AXL oncogene; UFO

Axl, also known as Ufo and Ark, is a widely expressed 140 kDa glycoprotein in the TAM receptor tyrosine kinase family. Axl binds the vitamin K-dependent protein Gas6 which triggers tyrosine autophosphorylation of the Axl cytoplasmic domain. Axl functions in dampening the immune response, regulating cytokine secretion, clearing apoptotic cells and debris, and maintaining cell survival. Axl is highly expressed in solid cancers and promotes in vivo tumorigenesis and tumor cell invasiveness. It also functions as a cellular entry receptor for Gas6-opsonized lentiviruses. Axl contributes to cell survival, migration, invasion, metastasis and chemosensitivity justify further investigation of Axl as novel therapeutic targets in cancer. The receptor tyrosine kinase AXL is thought to play a role in metastasis. The soluble AXL receptor as a therapeutic candidate agent for treatment of metastatic ovarian cancer. GAS6/AXL targeting as an effective strategy for inhibition of metastatic tumor progression in vivo.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.