

Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus FGF-21 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHV0660

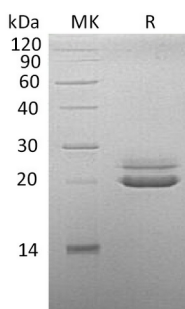


概述 (Summary)

英文全称	FGF-21/Fibroblast Growth Factor 21
纯度 (Purity)	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
内毒素 (Endotoxin level)	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
蛋白构建 (Construction)	Recombinant Cynomolgus Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding His29-Ser209 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	XM_005589811.2
蛋白标签 (Tag)	
表达宿主 (Host)	Human Cells
种属 (Species)	Cynomolgus
预测分子量 (Predicted MW)	20.2 KDa
蛋白形态 (Form)	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
储存缓冲液 (Buffer)	
运输方式 (Shipping)	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage)	Lyophilized protein should be stored at ≤ -20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at ≤ -20°C for 3 months.
复溶 (Reconstitution)	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

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背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)

FGF21; Fibroblast Growth Factor 21; FGF-21

背景介绍 (References)

Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF21) is a growth factor that belongs to the FGF family. FGF family proteins play a central role during prenatal development and postnatal growth and regeneration of many tissues, by promoting cellular proliferation and differentiation. FGF21 is a potent activator of glucose uptake on adipocytes, protects animal from diet-induced obesity when overexpression in transgenic mice, and lower blood glucose and triglyceride levels when therapeutically administered to diabetic rodents. FGF21 is produced by hepatocytes in response to free fatty acid stimulation of a PPARα/RXR dimeric complex. This situation occurs clinically during starvation, or following the ingestion of a highly-fat/low-carbohydrate diet. Upon FGF21 secretion, white adipose tissue is induced to release free fatty acids from triglyceride stores. Once free fatty acids reach hepatocytes, they are oxidized and reduced to acetyl-CoA. The acetyl-CoA is recombined into 4-carbon ketone bodies, released, and transported to peripheral tissue for TCA processing and energy generation.

注意事项 (Note)

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