Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus CTLA-4 (C-6His) EnkiLife Catalog #: PHV1968

概述 (Summary)

英文全称 CTLA-4/CD152/Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4

纯度 (Purity) Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

内毒素 (Endotoxin level) <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

蛋白构建 (Construction) Recombinant Cynomolgus Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte Associated Protein 4 is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene

encoding Ala37-Ser160 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # G7PL88

蛋白标签 (Tag)

表达宿主 (Host)Human Cells种属 (Species)Cynomolgus预测分子量 (Predicted MW)14.1 KDa

蛋白形态 (Form) Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

储存缓冲液 (Buffer)

运输方式 (Shipping) The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

稳定性&储存 (Stability &Storage) Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

复溶 (Reconstitution) Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It

is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized

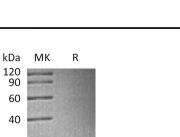
protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize

freeze-thaw cycles.

电泳图 (SDS-PAGE image)

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背景 (Background)

分子别名 (Alternative Names)

背景介绍 (References)

Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4; Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen 4; CTLA-4; CD152; CTLA4

Cytotoxic Tlymphocyte 4(CTLA-4,CD152), is a type I transmembrane T cell inhibitory molecule that is a member of the Ig superfamily.CD28 and CTLA-4, together with their ligands, B7-1 and B7-2, constitute one of the dominant costimulatory pathways that regulate T and B cell responses. CD28 and CTLA-4 are structurally homologous molecules that are members of the immunoglobulin (Ig) gene superfamily. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T Cells and may play an important role in their functions. Tcell activation through the Tcell receptor and CD28 leads to increased expression of CTLA4.

注意事项 (Note)

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.